

Power MOSFET

PRODUCT SUMMARY	
V_{DS} (V)	-50
$R_{DS(on)}$ (Ω)	$V_{GS} = -10$ V 0.28
Q_g max. (nC)	26
Q_{gs} (nC)	6.2
Q_{gd} (nC)	8.6
Configuration	Single

FEATURES

- P-channel versatility
- Compact plastic package
- Fast switching
- Low drive current
- Ease of paralleling
- Excellent temperature stability
- Material categorization: for definitions of compliance please see www.vishay.com/doc?99912

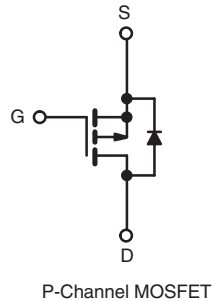
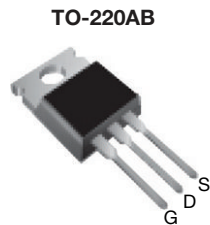

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COMPLIANT

DESCRIPTION

The power MOSFET technology is the key to Vishay's advanced line of power MOSFET transistors. The efficient geometry and unique processing of the power MOSFET design achieve very low on-state resistance combined with high transconductance and extreme device ruggedness.

The P-channel power MOSFETs are designed for application which require the convenience of reverse polarity operation. They retain all of the features of the more common N-channel power MOSFETs such as voltage control, very fast switching, ease of paralleling, and excellent temperature stability.

P-channel power MOSFETs are intended for use in power stages where complementary symmetry with N-channel devices offers circuit simplification. They are also very useful in drive stages because of the circuit versatility offered by the reverse polarity connection. Applications include motor control, audio amplifiers, switched mode converters, control circuits and pulse amplifiers.



ORDERING INFORMATION	
Package	TO-220AB
Lead (Pb)-free	IRF9Z20PbF

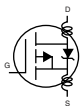

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted)					
PARAMETER		SYMBOL	LIMIT	UNIT	
Drain-Source Voltage		V_{DS}	-50	V	
Gate-Source Voltage		V_{GS}	± 20		
Continuous Drain Current	V_{GS} at -10 V	I_D	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-9.7	A
			$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	-6.1	
Pulsed Drain Current ^a		I_{DM}	-39		
Linear Derating Factor			0.32	W/ $^\circ\text{C}$	
Inductive Current, Clamped	L = 100 μH	I_{LM}	-39	A	
Unclamped Inductive Current (Avalanche current)		I_L	-2.2	A	
Maximum Power Dissipation	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_D	40	W	
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T_J, T_{stg}	-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$	
Soldering Recommendations (Peak temperature) ^c	for 10 s		300		

Notes

- Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (see fig. 14).
- $V_{DD} = -25$ V, starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, L = 100 μH , $R_g = 25 \Omega$
- 0.063" (1.6 mm) from case.



THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS				
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient	R_{thJA}	-	80	°C/W
Case-to-Sink, Flat, Greased Surface	R_{thCS}	1.0	-	
Maximum Junction-to-Case (Drain)	R_{thJC}	-	3.1	

SPECIFICATIONS ($T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted)							
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Static							
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V_{DS}	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_D = -250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$		-50	-	-	V
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = -250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$		-2.0	-	-4.0	V
Gate-Source Leakage	I_{GSS}	$V_{GS} = \pm 20\text{ V}$		-	-	± 500	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{DSS}	$V_{DS} = \text{max. rating}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$		-	-	-250	μA
		$V_{DS} = \text{max. rating} \times 0.8, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, T_J = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		-	-	-1000	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}$	$I_D = -5.6\text{ A}^b$	-	0.20	0.28	Ω
Forward Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{DS} = 2 \times V_{GS}, I_{DS} = -5.6\text{ A}^b$		2.3	3.5	-	S
Dynamic							
Input Capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V},$ $V_{DS} = -25\text{ V},$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz, see fig. 9}$		-	480	-	μF
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}			-	320	-	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{riss}			-	58	-	
Total Gate Charge	Q_g	$V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}$	$I_D = -9.7\text{ A}, V_{DS} = -0.8\text{ max. rating, see fig. 17}$	-	17	26	nC
Gate-Source Charge	Q_{gs}			-	4.1	6.2	
Gate-Drain Charge	Q_{gd}			-	5.7	8.6	
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD} = -25\text{ V}, I_D = -9.7\text{ A},$ $R_g = 18\text{ }\Omega, R_D = 2.4\text{ }\Omega,$ see fig. 16 (MOSFET switching times are essentially independent of operating temperature)		-	8.2	12	ns
Rise Time	t_r			-	57	86	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$			-	12	18	
Fall Time	t_f			-	25	38	
Internal Drain Inductance	L_D	Between lead, 6 mm (0.25") from package and center of die contact 		-	4.5	-	nH
Internal Source Inductance	L_S			-	7.5	-	
Drain-Source Body Diode Characteristics							
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	I_S	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p - n junction diode 		-	-	-9.7	A
Pulsed Diode Forward Current ^a	I_{SM}			-	-	-39	
Body Diode Voltage	V_{SD}	$T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}, I_S = -9.7\text{ A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}^b$		-	-	-6.3	V
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	$T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}, I_F = -9.7\text{ A}, di/dt = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}^b$		56	110	280	ns
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	Q_{rr}			0.17	0.34	0.85	μC
Forward Turn-On Time	t_{on}	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by L_S and L_D)					

Notes

- a. Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (see fig. 14).
- b. Pulse width $\leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)

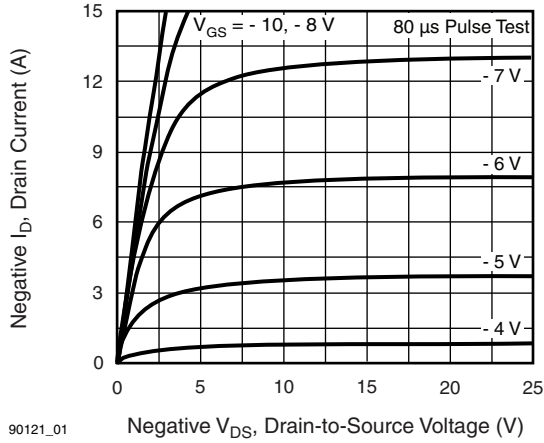


Fig. 1 - Typical Output Characteristics

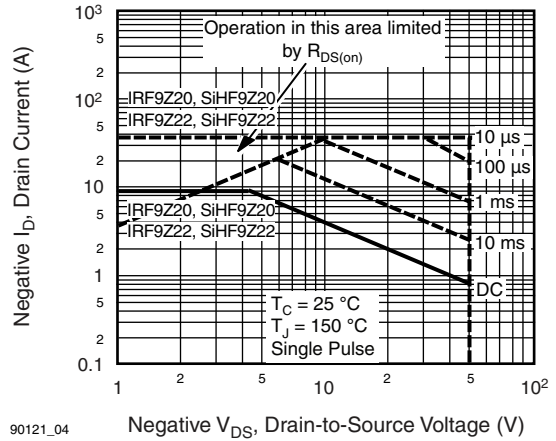


Fig. 4 - Maximum Safe Operating Area

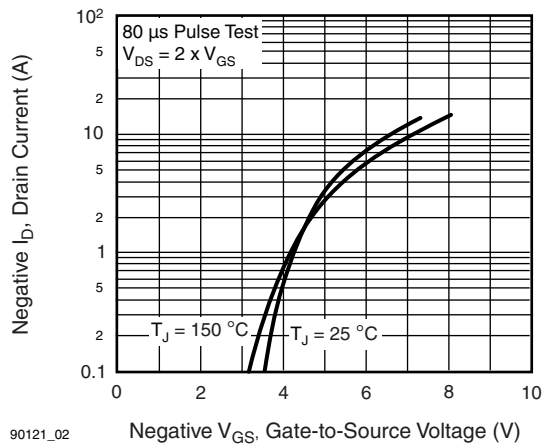


Fig. 2 - Typical Transfer Characteristics

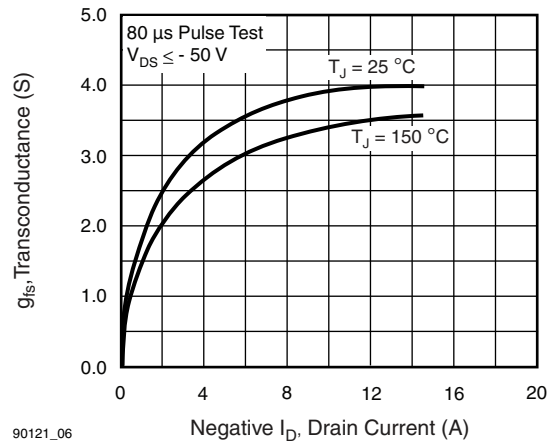


Fig. 5 - Typical Transconductance vs. Drain Current

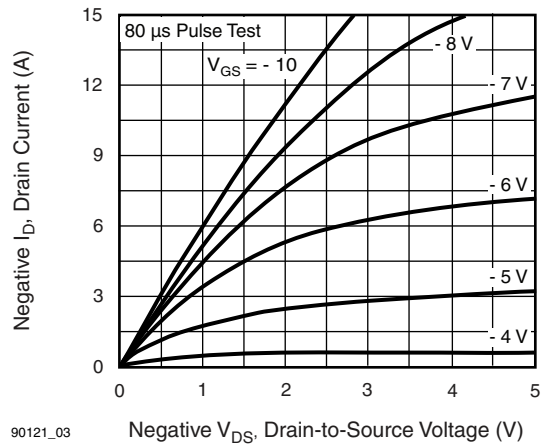


Fig. 3 - Typical Saturation Characteristics

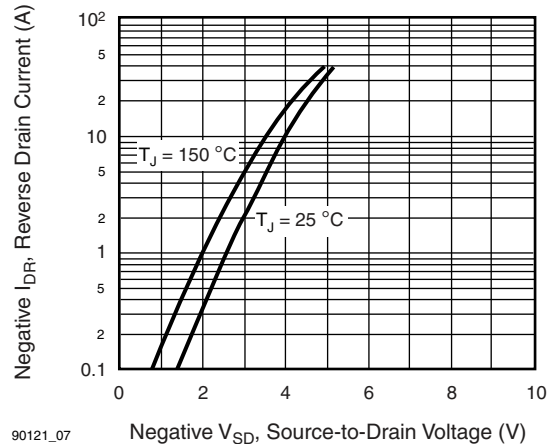


Fig. 6 - Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

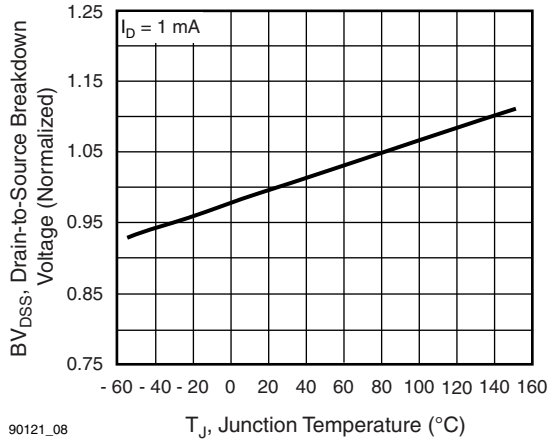


Fig. 7 - Breakdown Voltage vs. Temperature

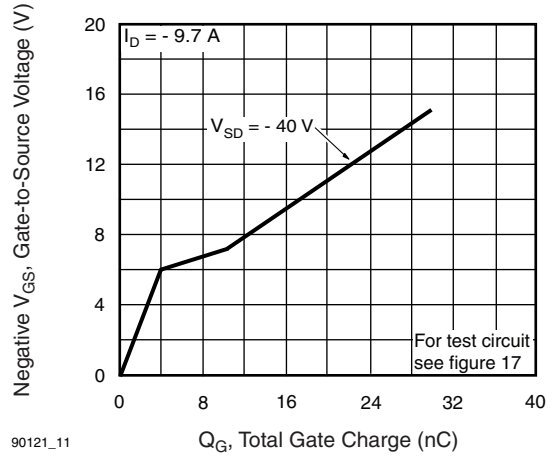


Fig. 10 - Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

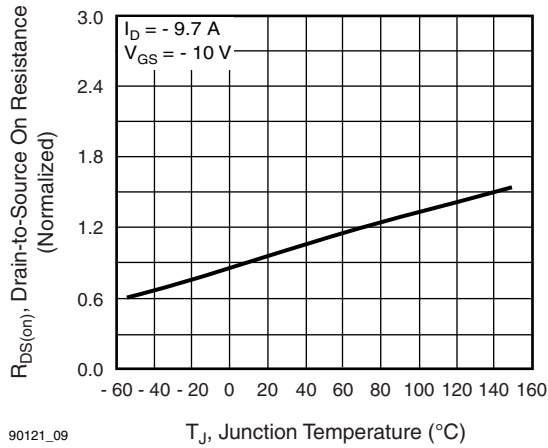


Fig. 8 - Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature

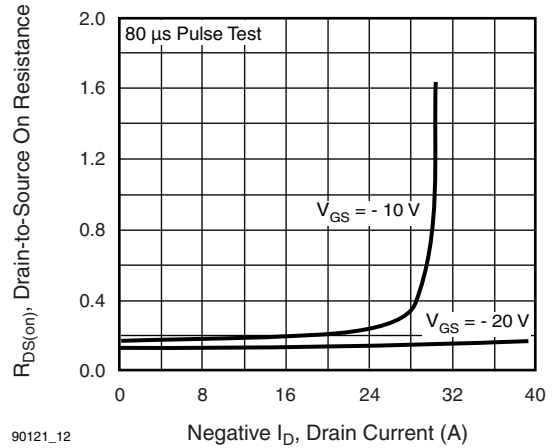


Fig. 11 - Typical On-Resistance vs. Drain Current

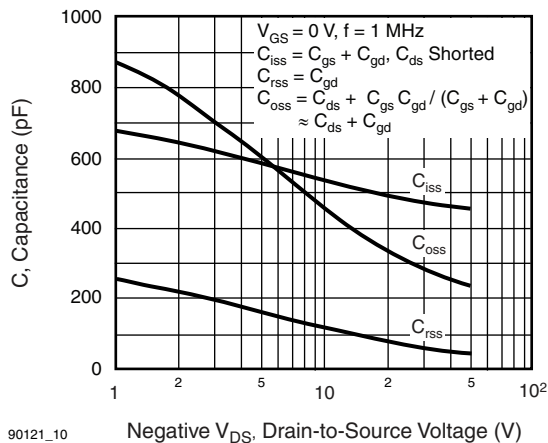


Fig. 9 - Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

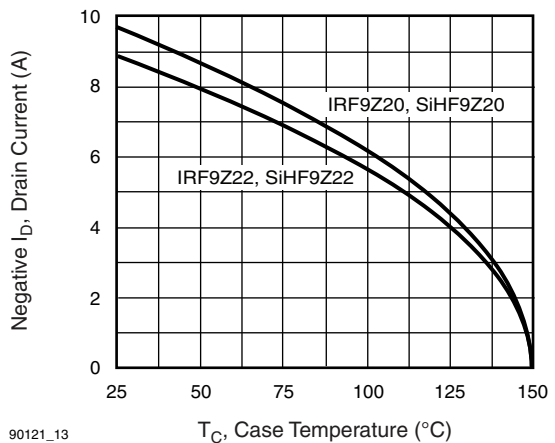


Fig. 12 - Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

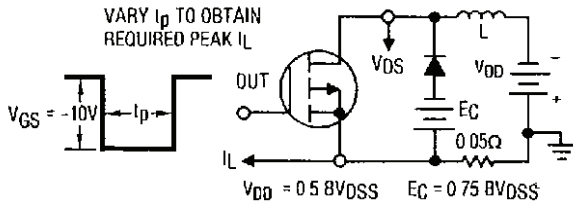


Fig. 13a - Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

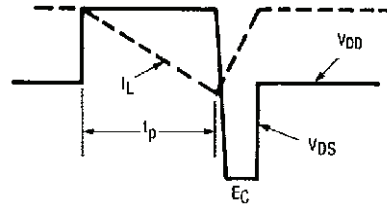
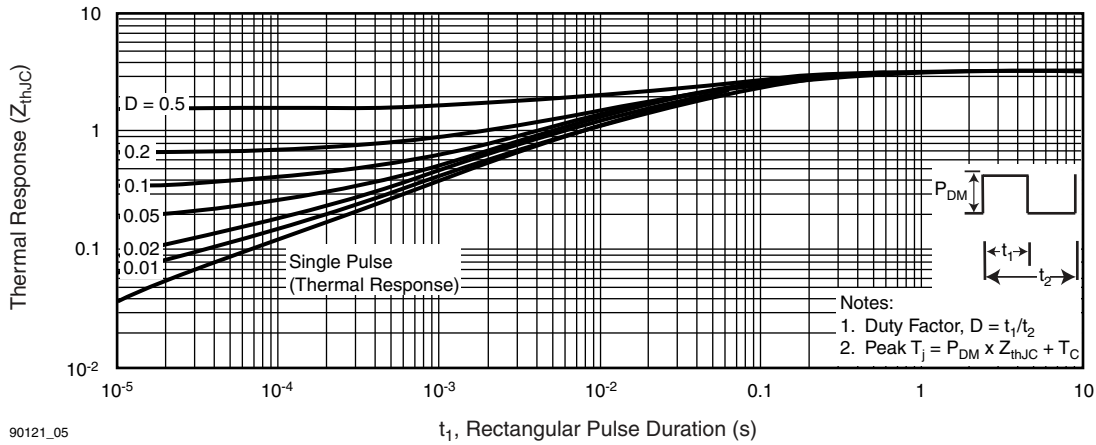


Fig. 13b - Unclamped Inductive Load Test Waveforms



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Fig. 14 - Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case vs. Pulse Duration

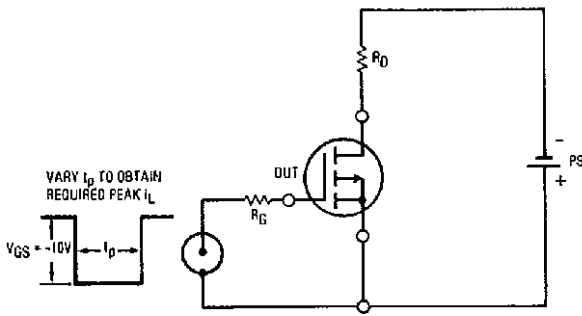


Fig. 15 - Switching Time Test Circuit

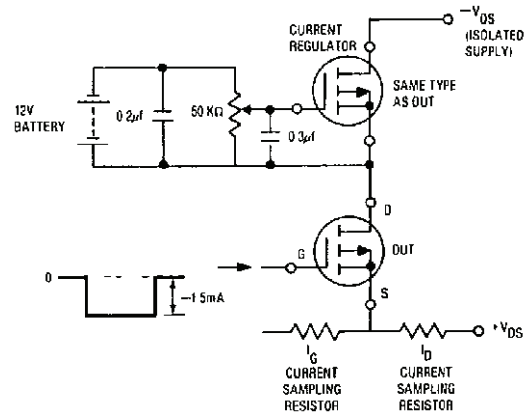
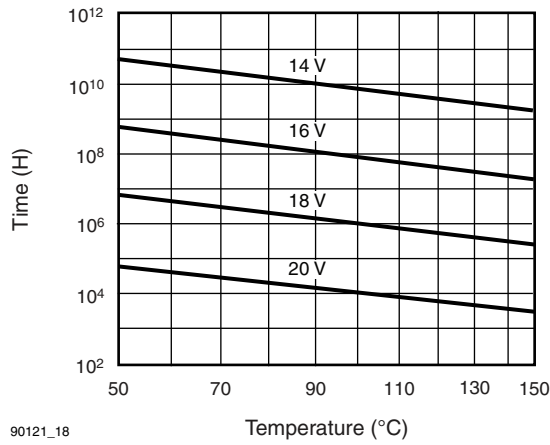
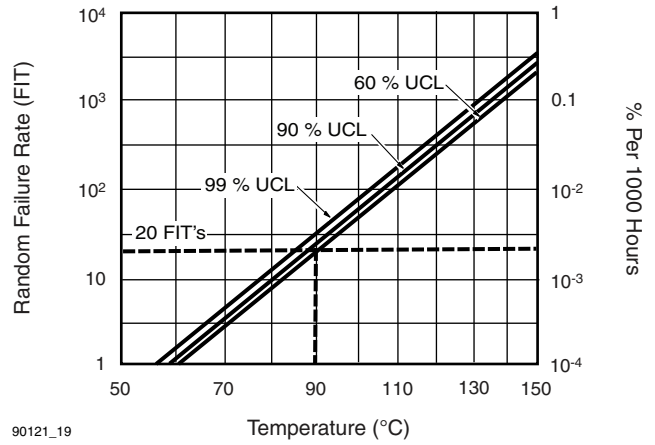


Fig. 16 - Gate Charge Test Circuit



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Fig. 17 - Typical Time to Accumulated 1 % Gate Failure



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Fig. 18 - Typical High Temperature Reverse Bias (HTRB) Failure Rate

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