



# LM125/LM325/LM325A, LM126/LM326 Voltage Regulators

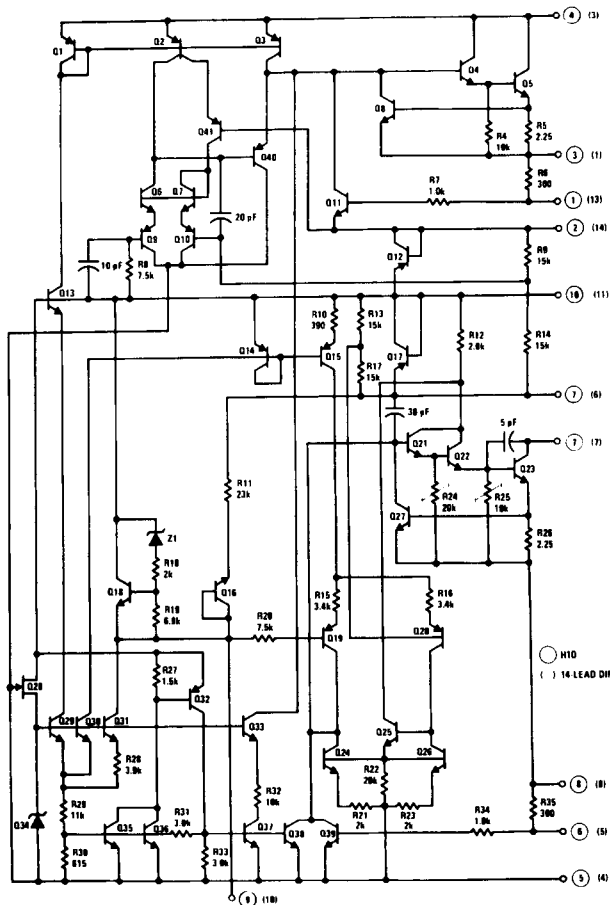
## General Description

These are dual polarity tracking regulators designed to provide balanced positive and negative output voltages at current up to 100 mA, the devices are set for  $\pm 15V$  and  $\pm 12V$  outputs respectively. Input voltages up to  $\pm 30V$  can be used and there is provision for adjustable current limiting. These devices are available in two package types to accommodate various power requirements and temperature ranges.

## Features

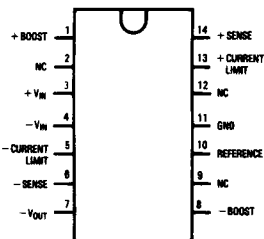
- $\pm 15V$  and  $\pm 12V$  tracking outputs
- Output current to 100 mA
- Output voltage balanced to within 1% (LM125, LM126, LM325A)
- Line and load regulation of 0.06%
- Internal thermal overload protection
- Standby current drain of 3 mA
- Externally adjustable current limit
- Internal current limit

## Schematic and Connection Diagrams



( ) H10  
( ) 14 LEAD DIP

### Dual-In-Line Package

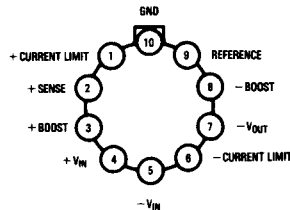


TL/H/7776-2

### Top View

Order Number LM325AN,  
LM325N or LM326N  
See NS Package Number N14A

### Metal Can Package



TL/H/7776-3

### Top View

Case connected to  $-V_{IN}$

Order Number LM125H,  
LM325H, LM126H or LM326H  
See NS Package Number H10C

TL/H/7776-1

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

(Note 5)

Input Voltage	±30V
Forced $V_{O+}$ (Min) (Note 1)	-0.5V
Forced $V_{O-}$ (Max) (Note 1)	+0.5V
Power Dissipation (Note 2)	$P_{MAX}$
Output Short-Circuit Duration (Note 3)	Continuous

## Operating Conditions

Operating Free Temperature Range	
LM125	-55°C to +125°C
LM325, LM325A	0°C to +70°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)	300°C

## Electrical Characteristics LM125/LM325/LM325A (Note 2)

Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Output Voltage LM125/LM325A LM325	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	14.8 14.5	15 15	15.2 15.5	V V
Input-Output Differential		2.0			V
Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = 18\text{V to }30\text{V}$ , $I_L = 20\text{ mA}$ , $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.0	10	mV
Line Regulation Over Temperature Range	$V_{IN} = 18\text{V to }30\text{V}$ , $I_L = 20\text{ mA}$ ,		2.0	20	mV
Load Regulation $V_{O+}$ $V_{O-}$	$I_L = 0\text{ to }50\text{ mA}$ , $V_{IN} = \pm 30\text{V}$ , $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		3.0 5.0	10 10	mV mV
Load Regulation Over Temperature Range $V_{O+}$ $V_{O-}$	$I_L = 0\text{ to }50\text{ mA}$ , $V_{IN} = \pm 30\text{V}$		4.0 7.0	20 20	mV mV
Output Voltage Balance LM125, LM325A LM325	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$			±150 ±300	mV mV
Output Voltage Over Temperature Range LM125, LM325A LM325	$P \leq P_{MAX}$ , $0 \leq I_O \leq 50\text{ mA}$ , $18\text{V} \leq  V_{IN}  \leq 30$	14.65 14.27		15.35 15.73	V V
Temperature Stability of $V_O$			±0.3		%
Short Circuit Current Limit	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		260		mA
Output Noise Voltage	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , BW = 100 – 10 kHz		150		$\mu\text{Vrms}$
Positive Standby Current	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.75	3.0	mA
Negative Standby Current	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		3.1	5.0	mA
Long Term Stability			0.2		%/kHr
Thermal Resistance Junction to Case (Note 4) LM125H, LM325H Junction to Ambient Junction to Ambient	(Still Air) (400 Lf/min Air Flow)		20 215 82		°C/W °C/W °C/W
Junction to Ambient LM325AN, LM325N	(Still Air)		90		°C/W

**Note 1:** That voltage to which the output may be forced without damage to the device.

**Note 2:** Unless otherwise specified these specifications apply for  $T_j = 55^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+150^\circ\text{C}$  on LM125,  $T_j = 0^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+125^\circ\text{C}$  on LM325,  $V_{IN} = \pm 20\text{V}$ ,  $I_L = 0\text{ mA}$ ,  $I_{MAX} = 100\text{ mA}$ ,  $P_{MAX} = 2.0\text{W}$  for the H10 Package,  $I_{MAX} = 100\text{ mA}$ ,  $P_{MAX} = 1.0\text{W}$  for the DIP N Package.

**Note 3:** If the junction temperature exceeds  $150^\circ\text{C}$ , the output short circuit duration is 60 seconds.

**Note 4:** Without a heat sink, the thermal resistance junction to ambient of the H10 Package is about  $155^\circ\text{C/W}$ . With a heat sink, the effective thermal resistance can only approach the junction to case values specified, depending on the efficiency of the sink.

**Note 5:** Refer to RETS125X drawing for military specification of LM125.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

(Note 5)

Input Voltage	±30V
Forced $V_{O+}$ (Min) (Note 1)	-0.5V
Forced $V_{O-}$ (Max) (Note 1)	+0.5V
Power Dissipation (Note 2)	Internally Limited
Output Short-Circuit Duration (Note 3)	Continuous

## Operating Conditions

Operating Free Temperature Range	
LM126	-55°C to +125°C
LM326	0°C to +70°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)	300°C

## Electrical Characteristics LM126/LM326 (Note 2)

Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Output Voltage LM126/LM326	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	11.8 11.5	12	12.2 12.5	V V
Input-Output Differential		2.0			V
Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = 15\text{V to }30\text{V}$ $I_L = 20\text{ mA}, T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.0	10	mV
Line Regulation Over Temperature Range	$V_{IN} = 15\text{V to }30\text{V}, I_L = 20\text{ mA}$		2.0	20	mV
Load Regulation $V_{O+}$ $V_{O-}$	$I_L = 0\text{ to }50\text{ mA}, V_{IN} = \pm 30\text{V},$ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		3.0 5.0	10 10	mV mV
Load Regulation Over Temperature Range $V_{O+}$ $V_{O-}$	$I_L = 0\text{ to }50\text{ mA}, V_{IN} = \pm 30\text{V}$		4.0 7.0	20 20	mV mV
Output Voltage Balance LM126, LM326	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$			±125 ±250	mV mV
Output Voltage Over Temperature Range LM126 LM326	$P \leq P_{MAX}, 0 \leq I_O \leq 50\text{ mA},$ $15\text{V} \leq  V_{IN}  \leq 30$	11.68 11.32		12.32 12.68	V V
Temperature Stability of $V_O$			±0.3		%
Short Circuit Current Limit	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		260		mA
Output Noise Voltage	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}, \text{BW} = 100 - 10\text{ kHz}$		100		$\mu\text{Vrms}$
Positive Standby Current	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_L = 0$		1.75	3.0	mA
Negative Standby Current	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_L = 0$		3.1	5.0	mA
Long Term Stability			0.2		%/kHr
Thermal Resistance Junction to Case (Note 4) LM126H, LM326H Junction to Ambient Junction to Ambient	(Still Air) (400 Lf/min Air Flow)		20 155 62		°C/W °C/W °C/W
Junction to Ambient LM326N			150		°C/W

**Note 1:** That voltage to which the output may be forced without damage to the device.

**Note 2:** Unless otherwise specified these specifications apply for  $T_j = 55^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+150^\circ\text{C}$  on LM126,  $T_j = 0^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+125^\circ\text{C}$  on LM326,  $V_{IN} = \pm 20\text{V}$ ,  $I_L = 0\text{ mA}$ ,  $I_{MAX} = 100\text{ mA}$ ,  $P_{MAX} = 2.0\text{W}$  for the H10 Package,  $I_{MAX} = 100\text{ mA}$ ,  $I_{MAX} = 100\text{ mA}$ ,  $P_{MAX} = 1.0\text{W}$  for the DIP N Package.

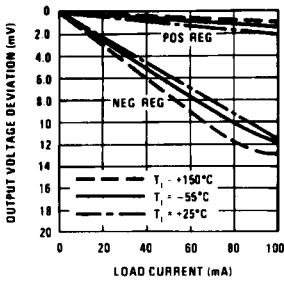
**Note 3:** If the junction temperature exceeds  $150^\circ\text{C}$ , the output short circuit duration is 60 seconds.

**Note 4:** Without a heat sink, the thermal resistance junction to ambient of the H10 Package is about  $155^\circ\text{C/W}$ . With a heat sink, the effective thermal resistance can only approach the junction to case values specified, depending on the efficiency of the sink.

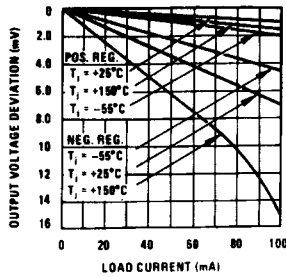
**Note 5:** Refer to RETS126X drawing for military specification of LM126.

# Typical Performance Characteristics

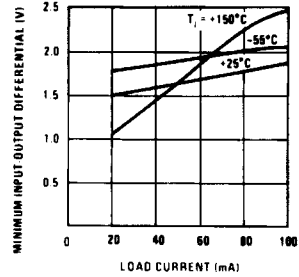
**LM125 Load Regulation**



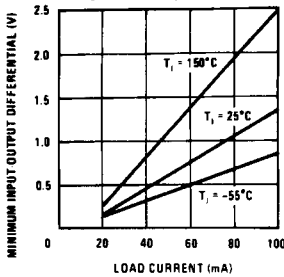
**LM126 Load Regulation**



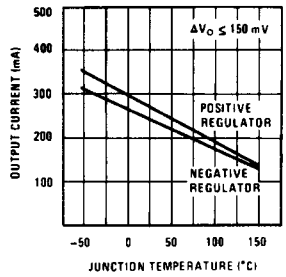
**LM125/126 Regulator Dropout Voltage for Positive Regulator**



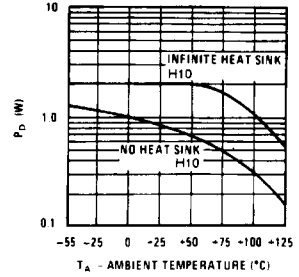
**LM125/126 Regulator Dropout Voltage for Negative Regulator**



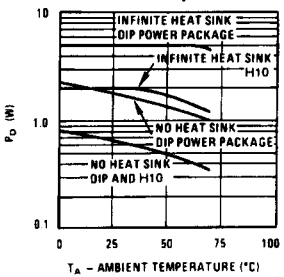
**LM125/126 Peak Output Current vs Junction Temperature**



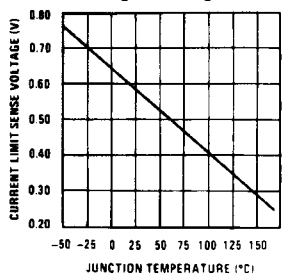
**LM125/126 Maximum Average Power Dissipation vs Ambient Temperature**



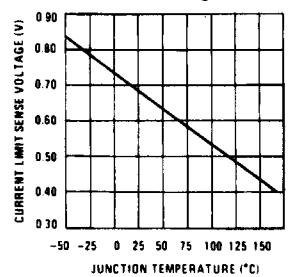
**LM325/326 Maximum Average Power Dissipation vs Ambient Temperature**



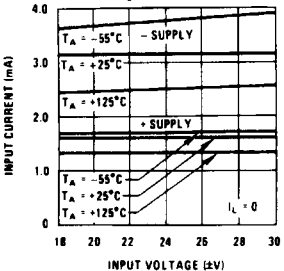
**LM125/126 Current Limit Sense Voltage vs Temperature for Negative Regulator**



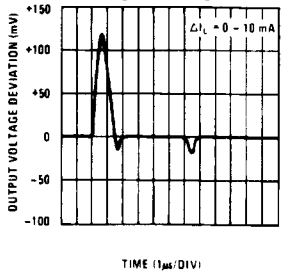
**LM125/126 Current Limit Sense Voltage vs Temperature for Positive Regulator**



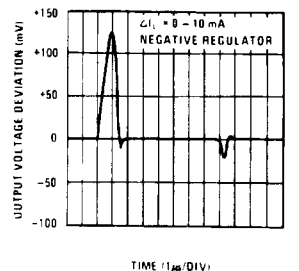
**LM125/126 Standby Current Drain**



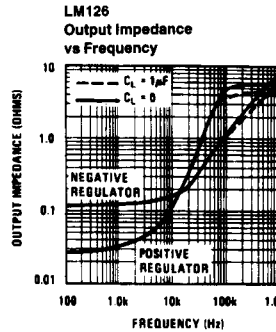
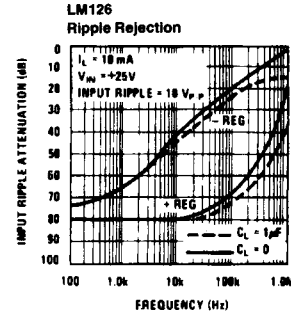
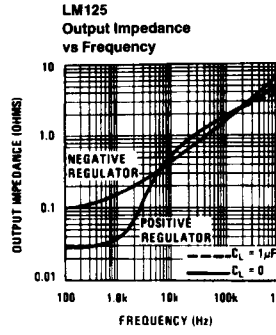
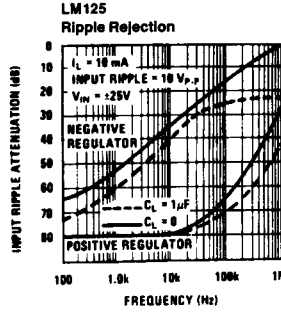
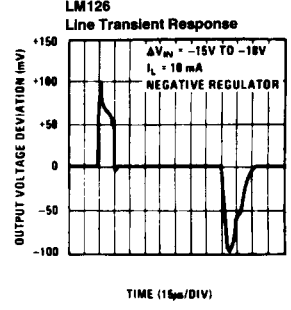
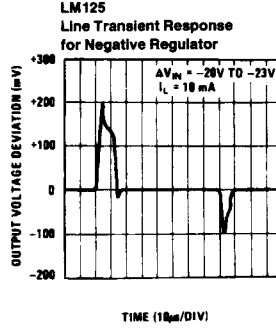
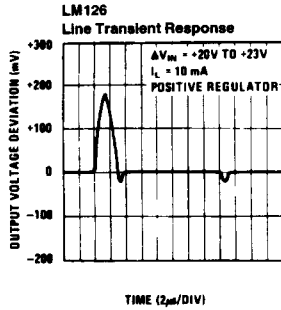
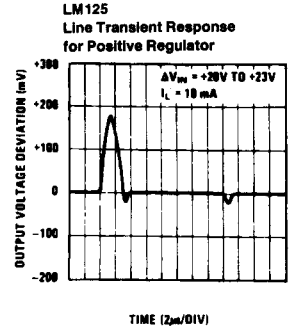
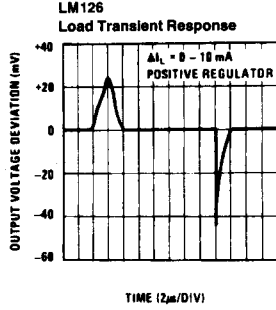
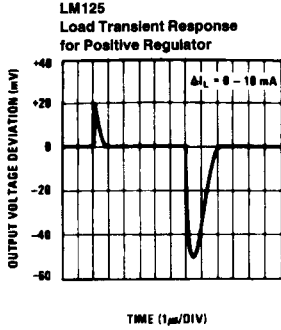
**LM125 Load Transient Response for Negative Regulator**



**LM126 Load Transient Response**

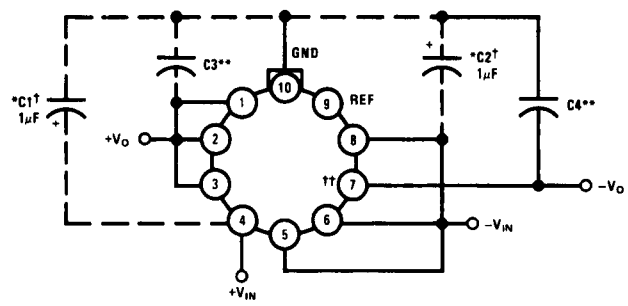


# Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)



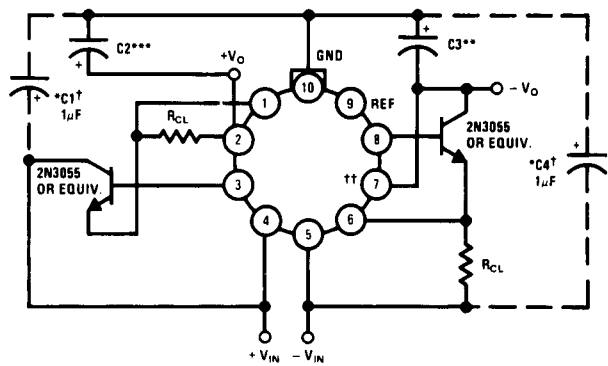
# Typical Applications

## Basic Regulator†††



TL/H/7776-6

## 2.0 Amp Boosted Regulator With Current Limit



TL/H/7776-7

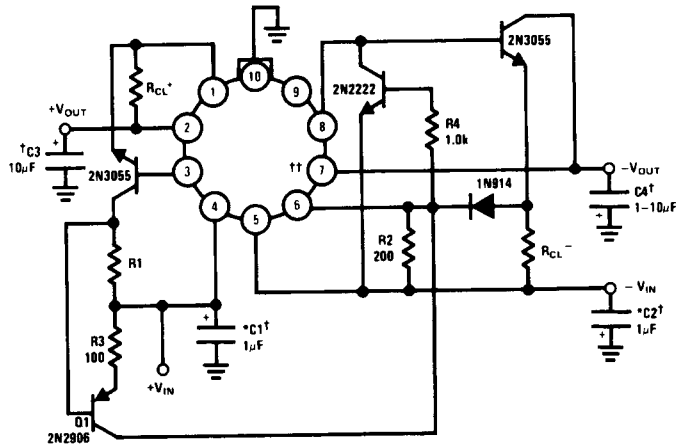
Note: Metal can (H) packages shown.

$$I_{CL} = \frac{\text{Current Limit Sense Voltage (See Curve)}}{R_{CL}}$$

- †Solid tantalum
- ††Short pins 6 and 7 on dip
- ††† $R_{CL}$  can be added to the basic regulator between pins 6 and 5, 1 and 2 to reduce current limit.
- \*Required if regulator is located an appreciable distance from power supply filter.
- \*\*Although no capacitor is needed for stability, it does help transient response. (If needed use 1  $\mu$ F electrolytic).
- \*\*\*Although no capacitor is needed for stability, it does help transient response. (If needed use 10  $\mu$ F electrolytic).

# Typical Applications (Continued)

## Positive Current Dependent Simultaneous Current Limiting



TL/H/7776-8

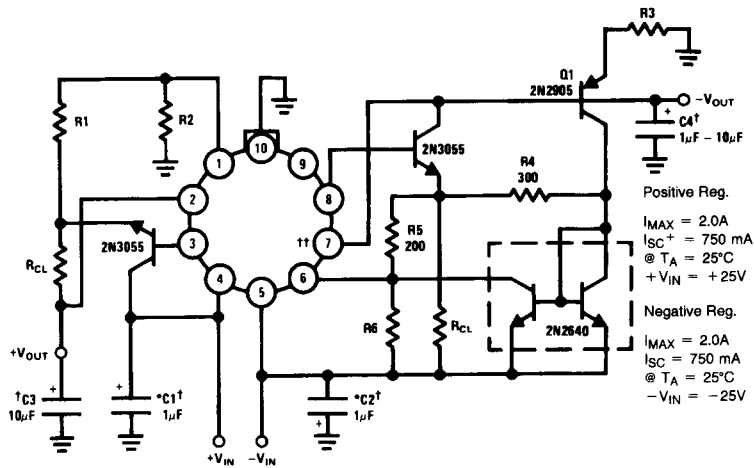
$$I_{CL+} = \frac{V_{SENSE\ NEG} + V_{BEQ1}}{R1}$$

$$I_{CL+} = \frac{V_{SENSE\ NEG} + V_{DIODE}}{R_{CL-}}$$

$I_{CL+}$  Controls Both Sides of the Regulator.

$$R_{CL+} = \frac{V_{SENSE+}}{1.1 I_{CL+}}$$

## Boosted Regulator With Foldback Current Limit

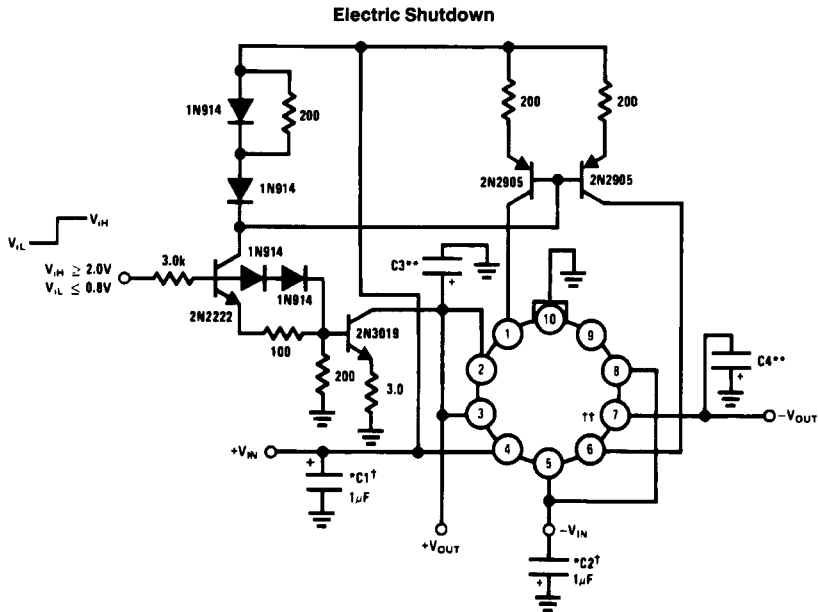


Resistor Values

	125	126
R1	18	20
R2	310	180
R3	2.4k	1.35k
R6	300	290
RCL	0.7	0.9

TL/H/7776-9

# Typical Applications (Continued)



†Solid tantalum

††Short pins 6 and 7 on dip

\*Required if regulator is located an appreciable distance from power supply filter.

\*\*Although no capacitor is needed for stability, it does help transient response. (If needed use 1 µF electrolytic).

TL/H/7778-10